## Autumn Spring Summer Skeletons **Rocks** Plants A Identify that humans and some other animals have Compare and group together different kinds of rocks Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Find out and describe how plants need skeletons and muscles for support, protection and on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties. Describe in simple terms how fossils are water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay movement formed when things that have lived are trapped within healthy **Nutrition and Diet** rock Identify that animals, including humans, need the right **Forces and Magnets** types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot Compare how things move on different surfaces. Notice Soils make their own food; they get nutrition from what Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic that some forces need contact between 2 objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance. Observe how they eat. matter magnets attract or repel each other and attract some Food Waste (Sustainability) materials and not others. Compare and group together a Light In this sustainability unit, children look at how food Recognise that they need light in order to see things variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they waste has a negative impact on people and the planet. and that dark is the absence of light. Notice that light is are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic Children should understand simple negative impacts of reflected from surfaces. Recognise that light from the materials. Describe magnets as having 2 poles. Predict food waste and should be able to suggest ways they sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to whether 2 magnets will attract or repel each other, can reduce their food waste in school. (National protect their eyes. Recognise that shadows are formed depending on which poles are facing. Curriculum Links: Working Scientifically) when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object. Find patterns in the way that the size of Plants B Identify and describe the functions of different parts of shadows changes. flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers. Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant. Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants. Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal. Biodiversity The children look at examples of biodiversity being reduced by humans and the impact this has on plants and animals, such as a living thing becoming endangered or extinct. Children identify positive actions humans can take to increase biodiversity within their local area. (National

Curriculum Links: Working Scientifically)